

3. Find the quadratic equations that have the following pairs of roots (r_1, r_2).

(iv) $(\sqrt{5}, 4)$

$$x^2 - (4 + \sqrt{5})x + 4\sqrt{5} = 0$$

Remember...

$$x^2 - (\text{Sum of Roots})x + (\text{Product of Roots}) = 0$$



(viii) $\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{5}\right)$

$$x^2 - \left(\frac{5}{2} + \frac{3}{5}\right)x + \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)\left(\frac{3}{5}\right) = 0$$

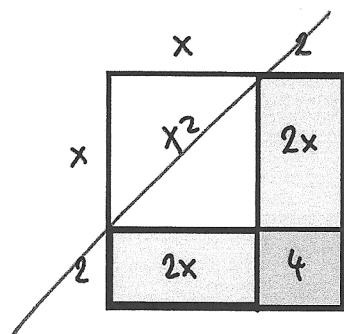
$$x^2 - \left(\frac{25+6}{10}\right)x + \frac{15}{10} = 0$$

$$10x^2 - 31x + 15 = 0$$

Section 2.6 Max and Min of Quadratic graphs

3. Write each of the following in the form $(x - p)^2 + q = 0$.

(i) $x^2 + 4x - 6 = 0$



$$\underbrace{x^2 + 4x + 4}_{\text{Complete the square}} - 6 - 4 = 0$$

$$(x+2)^2 - 10 = 0$$

factorise like
normal, however
you do it